

The conflict between agile and architecture

Myth or reality?



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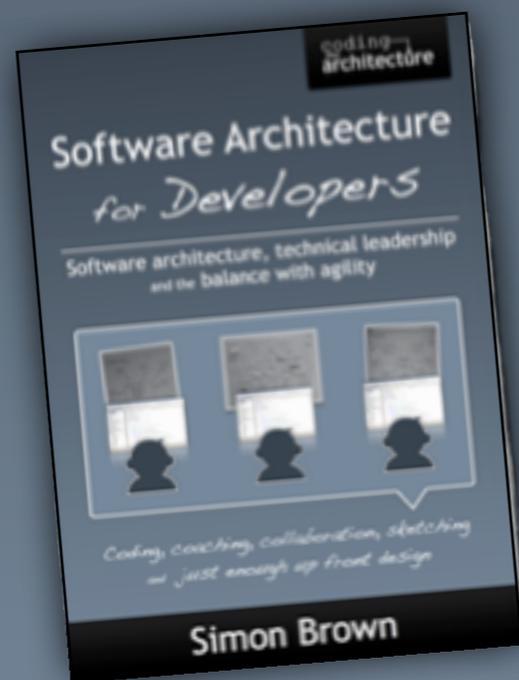


I help software teams understand software architecture, technical leadership and the balance with agility

(I code too)



Training



Book



Speaking



What is

agile?

What is architecture?

As a noun...

Structure

*The definition of something in terms
of its components and interactions*

and

As a verb...

Vision

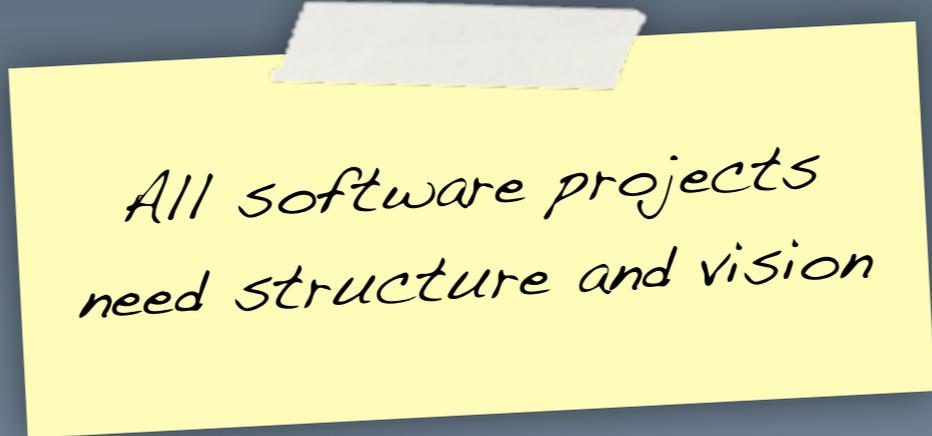
*The process of architecting,
making (significant) design decisions, etc*

The conflict between agile and architecture

Myth or reality?

Myth

There is no conflict between agile and architecture



*All software projects
need structure and vision*

1. A conflict in team structure



Dedicated
software architect

Single point of responsibility for
the technical aspects of the
software project

VS



Everybody is a
software architect

Joint responsibility for the
technical aspects of the
software project

Big up front design
and analysis paralysis

Waterfall

UML

I'm a

software
architect



Ivory Tower

PowerPoint Architect

Architecture Astronaut

Software development is not a relay sport



AaaS ... architecture as a service

Architects?

We don't need no
stinkin' architects!



Developer



Developer



Developer



Developer



Developer



*Small teams of generalising specialists,
everybody does everything*

*With agile, there is often a
perception that you must
have self-organising teams*

2. A conflict in process



VS

```
/// <summary>
/// Represents the behaviour behind the ...
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public class SomeWizard : AbstractWizard
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    private DomainObject _object;
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    {
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    ...
}
```

Evolutionary
architecture

Big up front design

Requirements capture, analysis
and design complete before
coding starts

The architecture evolves
secondary to the value created
by early regular releases of
working software

The conflict relates to the desired

approach

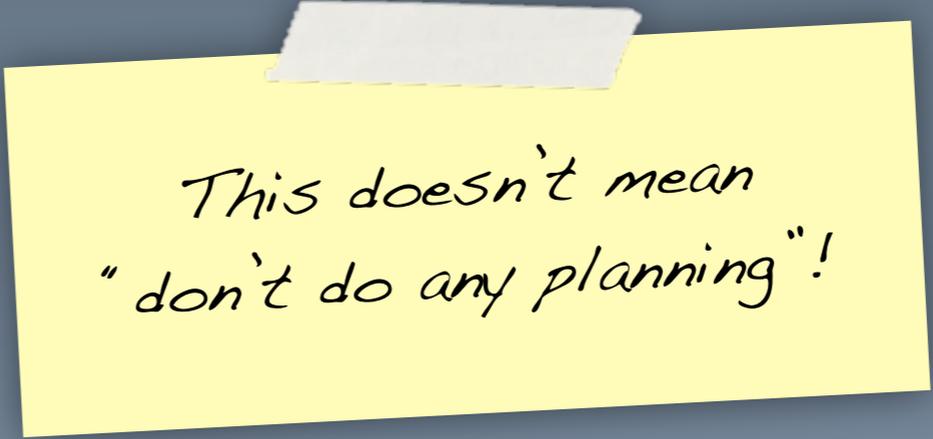
*Moving fast, embracing
change, delivering value
early, getting feedback*

vs

*Understanding everything up
front, defining a blueprint
for the team to "follow"*

Responding to change over following a plan

Manifesto for Agile Software Development, 2001



*This doesn't mean
"don't do any planning"!*

Modern software development teams
often seem afraid of doing

analysis

A yellow sticky note is affixed to a dark blue background. The word "No" is written in a black, cursive script on the note. The note is slightly tilted and has a small white tab at the top center. Below the note, a white circular object is partially visible.

No

design up front

We don't need
software architecture;

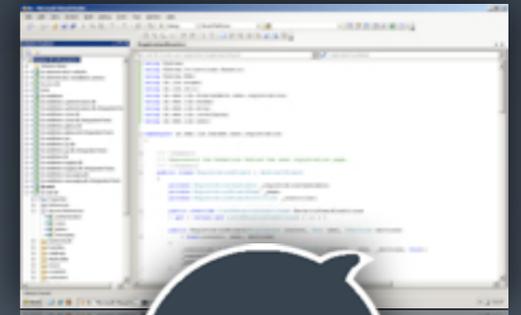
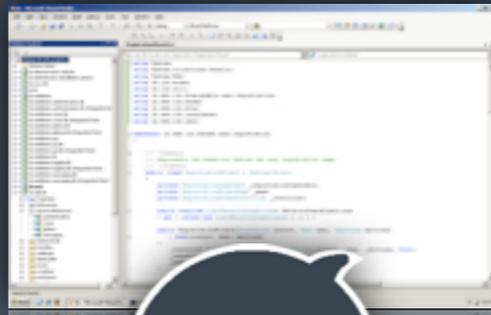
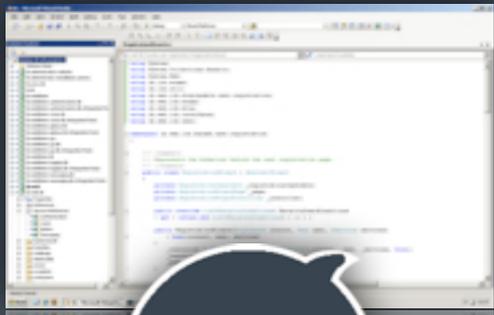
we do

TDD



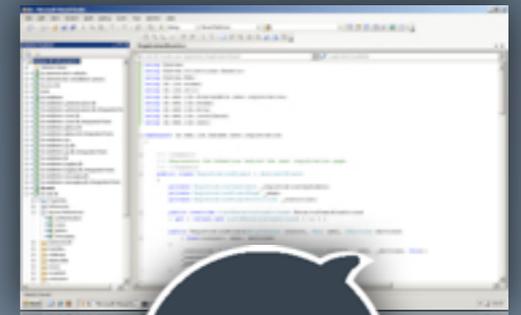
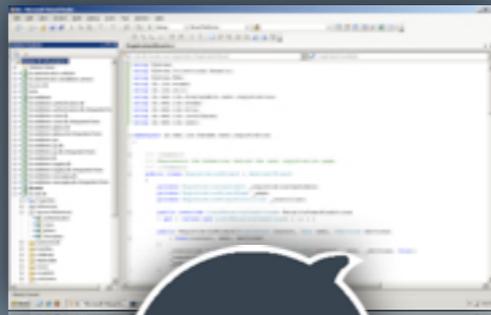
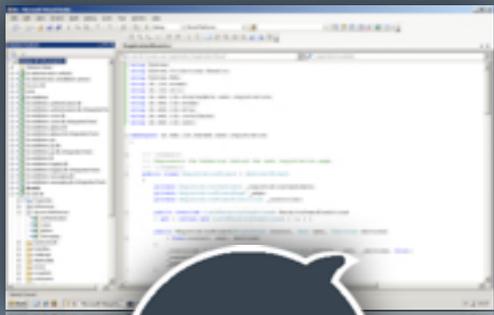
Agile software team

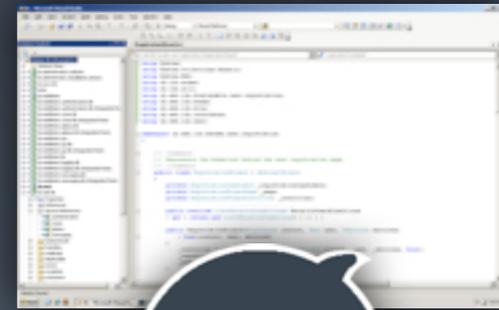
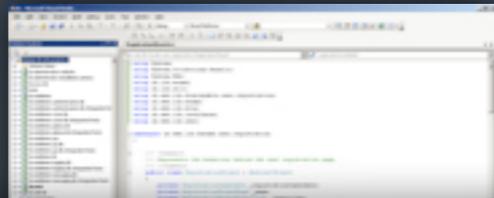
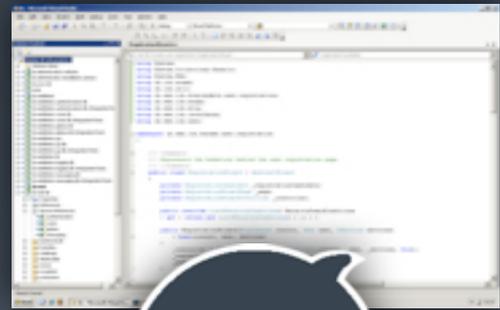
The **result** of the
conflicts?



Chaos!

Does the team understand what they are building and how they are building it?





No defined structure,
 inconsistent approaches,
 big ball of mud,
 spaghetti code, ...

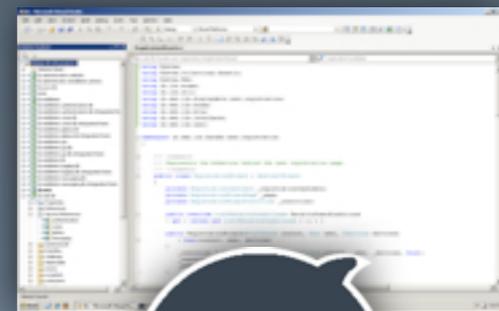
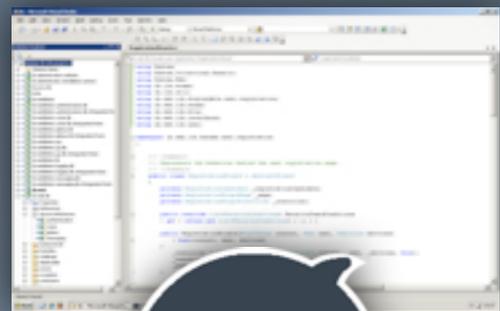
STOP

Slow, insecure, unstable, unmaintainable,
 hard to deploy, hard to change,
 over time, over budget, ...



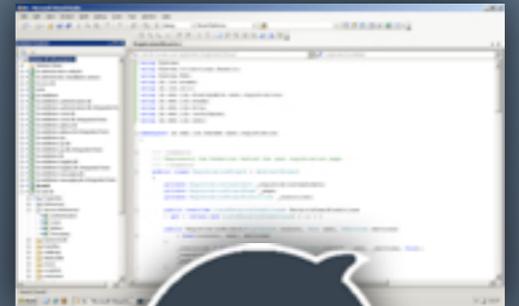
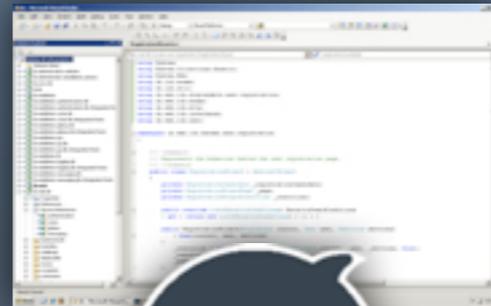
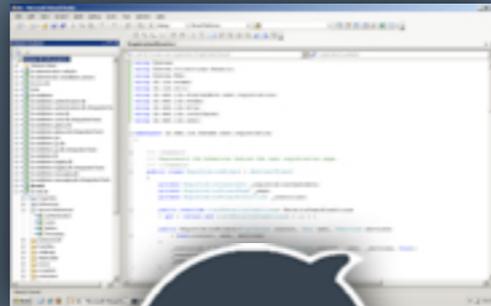
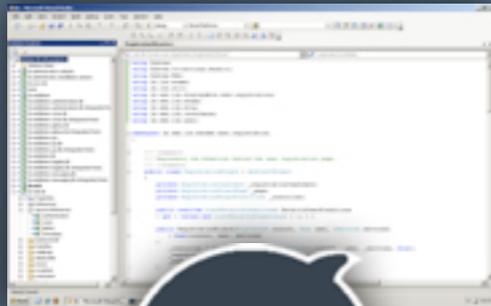
Doe

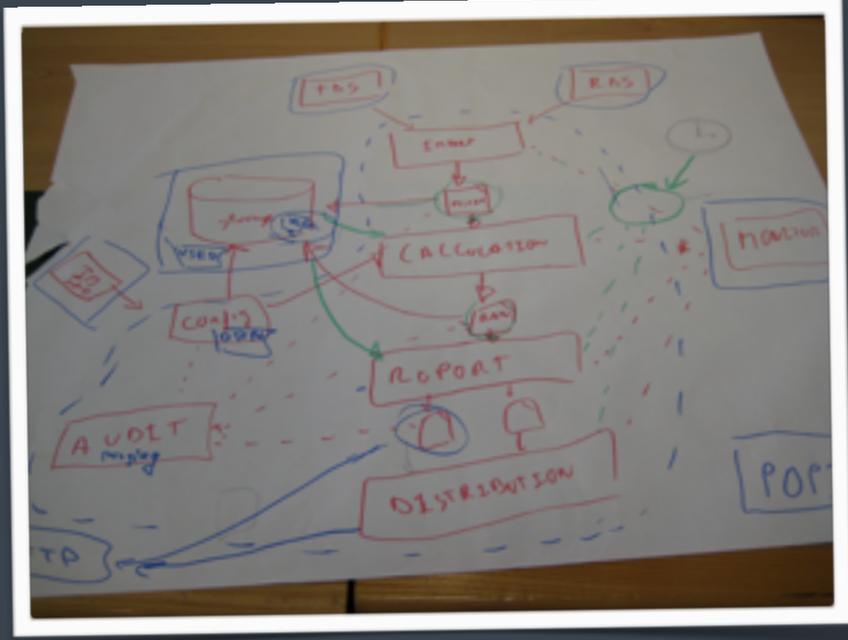
g it?



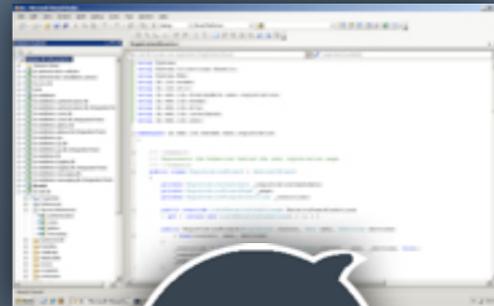
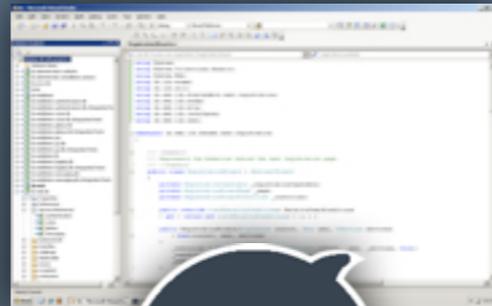
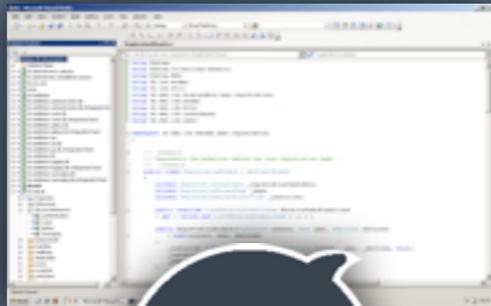
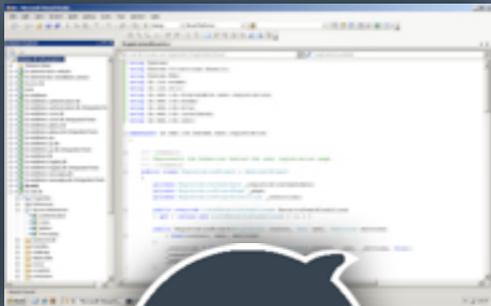


Shared vision of
TL; DR





Shared vision of
WTF?!



Software
architecture
in the
21st century

*Let's agree
on some things*

No defined structure,
inconsistent approaches,
big ball of mud,
spaghetti code, ...

*Let's make the implicit,
explicit*

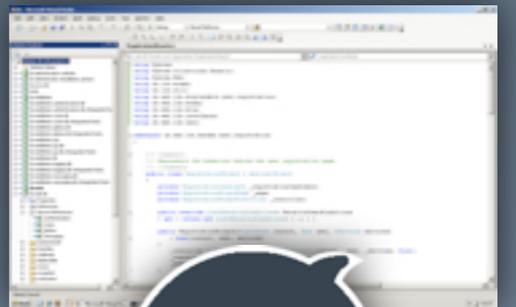
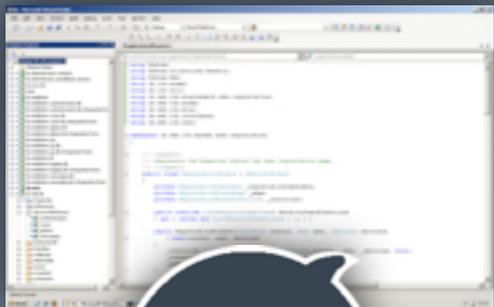
STOP

Slow, insecure, unstable, unmaintainable,
hard to deploy, hard to change,
over time, over budget, ...

*Put some boundaries
and guidelines in place*

Doe

g it?



1. A conflict in team structure



Dedicated
software architect

Single point of responsibility for
the technical aspects of the
software project

VS



Everybody is a
software architect

Joint responsibility for the
technical aspects of the
software project

Every software
development team
needs a
master builder



1 or many



Generalising

Specialist

Depth

Deep hands-on technology skills and knowledge

Good software architects are master-builders

Breadth

Broad knowledge of patterns, designs, approaches, technologies, non-functional requirements

...

Awareness of options and trade-offs

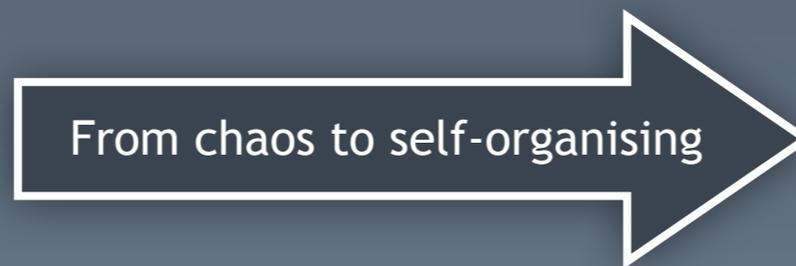


The software architecture **role**



Dedicated software architect

Single point of responsibility for the technical aspects of the software project



Everybody is a software architect

Joint responsibility for the technical aspects of the software project

Elastic Leadership (Roy Osherove)
Chaos (command and control),
learning (coaching),
self-organising (facilitation)

2. A conflict in process



VS

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Evolutionary
architecture

Big up front design

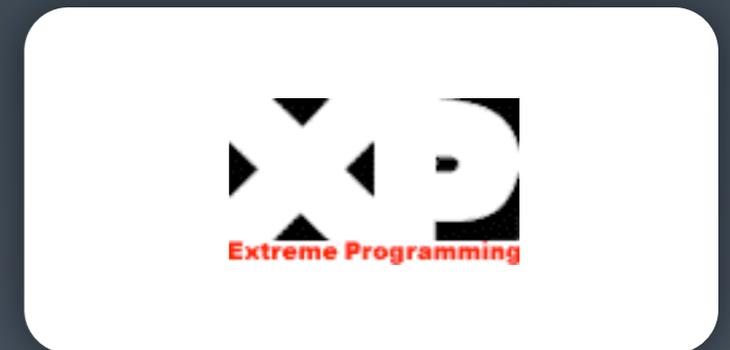
Requirements capture, analysis
and design complete before
coding starts

The architecture evolves
secondary to the value created
by early regular releases of
working software

How much up front design should you do?

Big design up front?

*Emergent design?
(or none, depending on
your viewpoint!)*



Waterfall



Something in between?

You should do
“just enough”



*Isn't agile about being
flexible and adapting
to the context? :-)*

What's important?

Significant decisions

Understanding the significant elements and how they fit together

Understanding how security will work

Low-level details

Class and sequence diagrams covering every user story

Defining the length of all database columns

Just enough up front design to

understand the
structure

of the software and

create a
shared vision

for the team

You need to
identify and mitigate
your highest priority
risks

*Things that will cause
your project to fail
or you to be fired!*

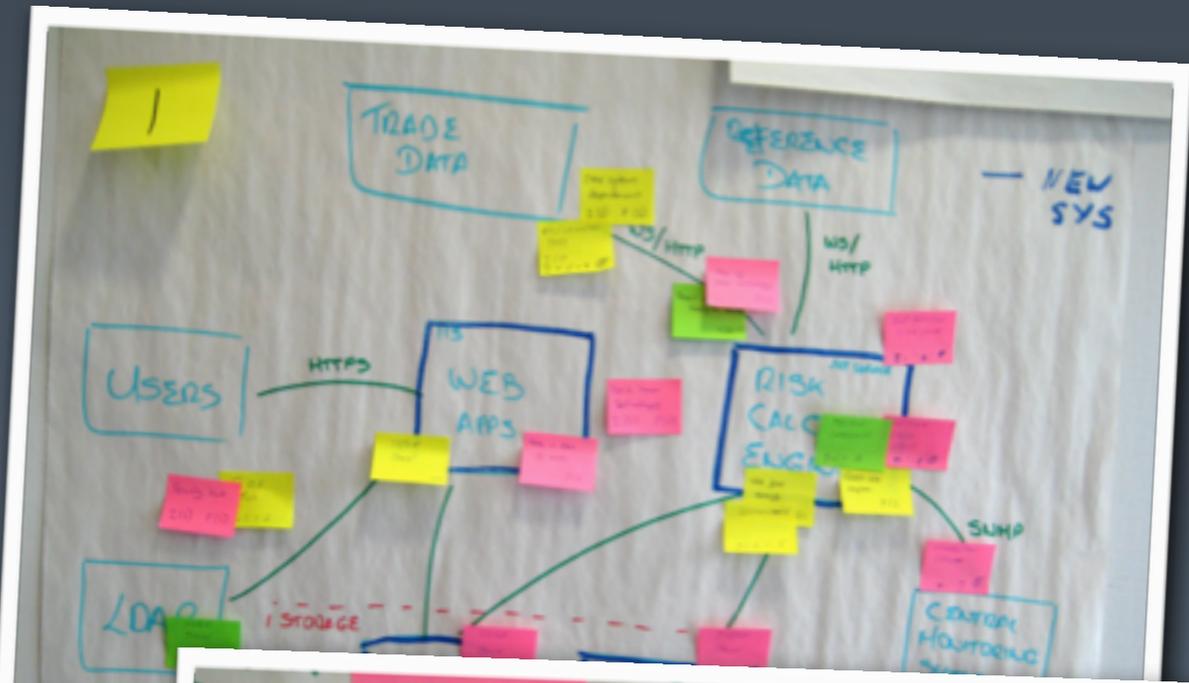
*Agile software projects
do have risks, right? :-)*

Probability

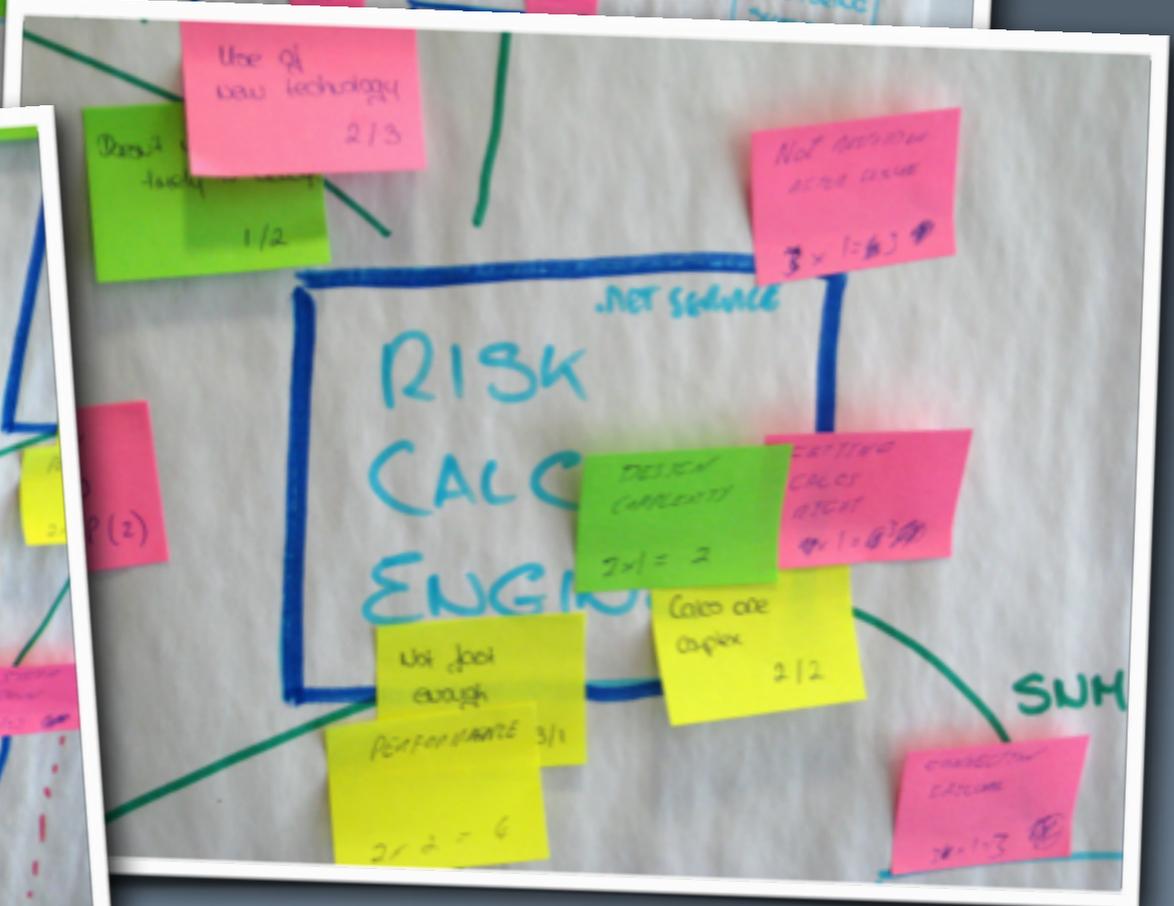
Impact

	Low (1)	Medium (2)	High (3)
Low (1)	1	2	3
Medium (2)	2	4	6
High (3)	3	6	9

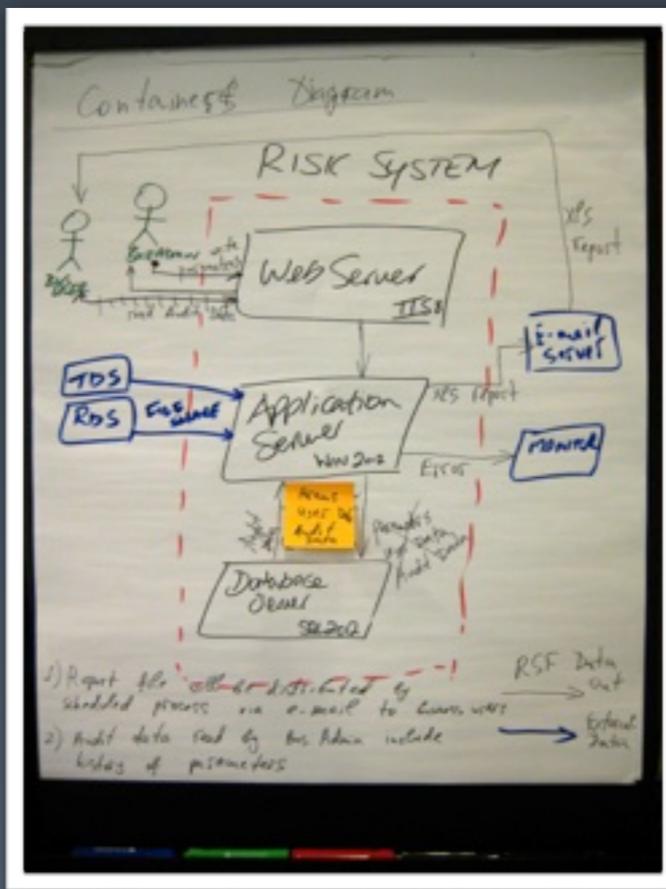
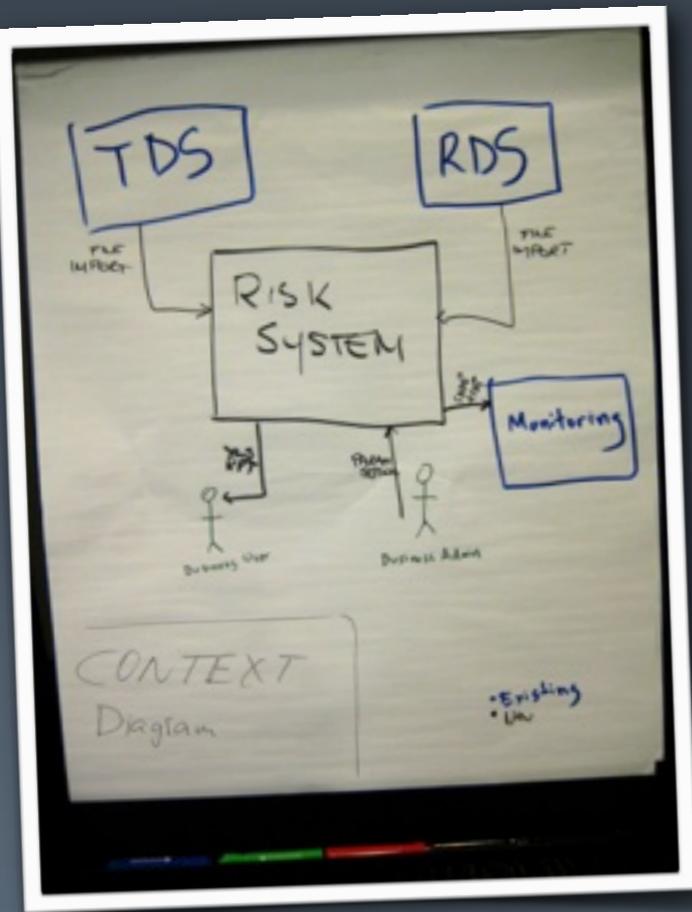
A 3x3 grid illustrating the relationship between Probability and Impact. The columns represent Probability levels: Low (1), Medium (2), and High (3). The rows represent Impact levels: Low (1), Medium (2), and High (3). Each cell contains a colored circle with a white number representing the product of the probability and impact values. The colors transition from green for low values to orange and red for higher values.



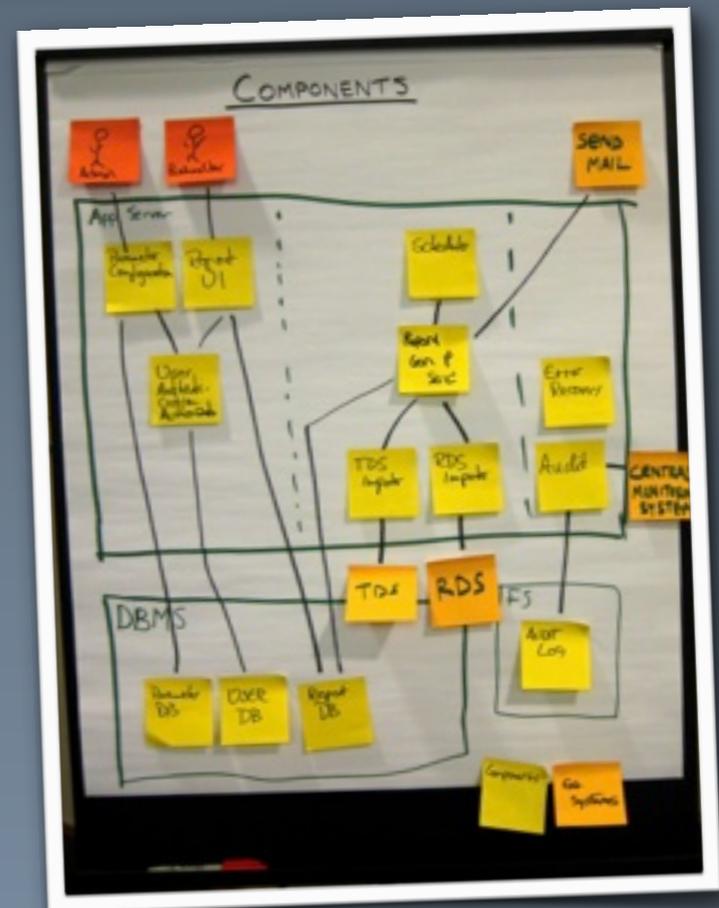
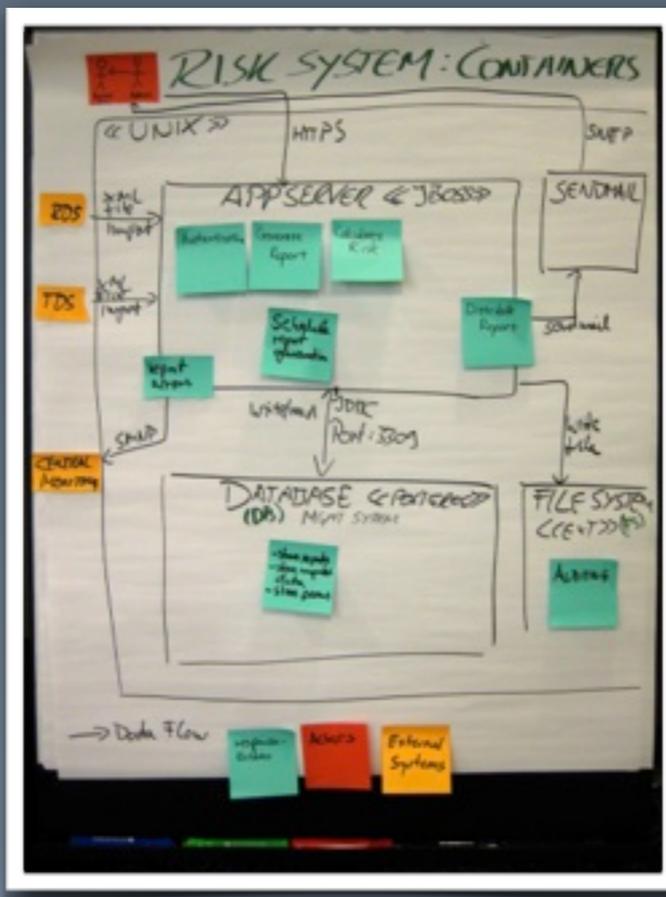
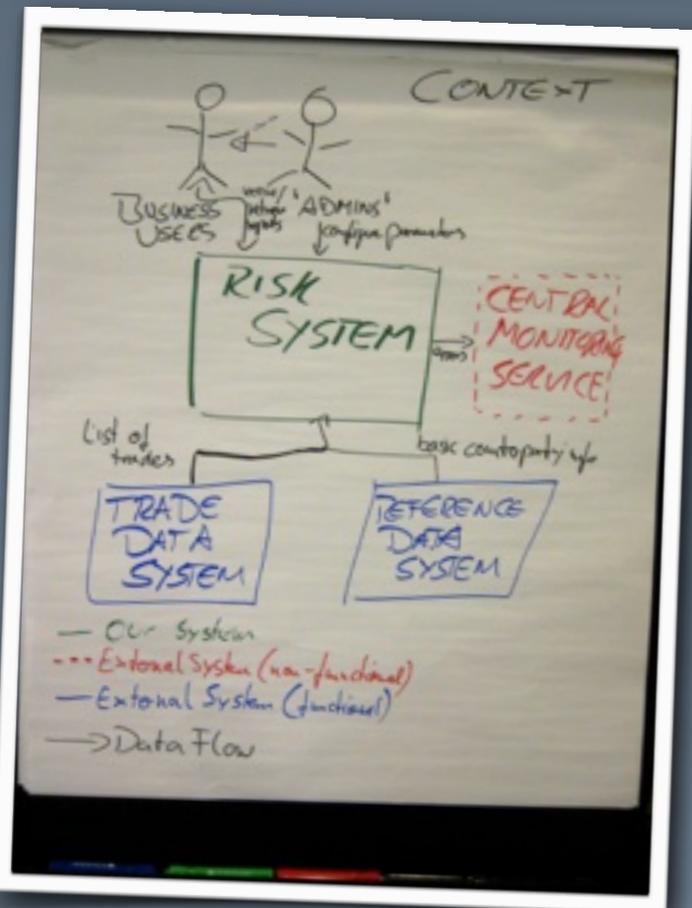
Risk-storming



A collaborative and visual technique for identifying risk



Effective software architecture sketches





The role



“just enough” software architecture

*Understand how the
significant elements
fit together*

*Identify and mitigate
the key risks*

*Provide firm foundations
and a vision
to move forward*

Software
Architecture
Document

The process

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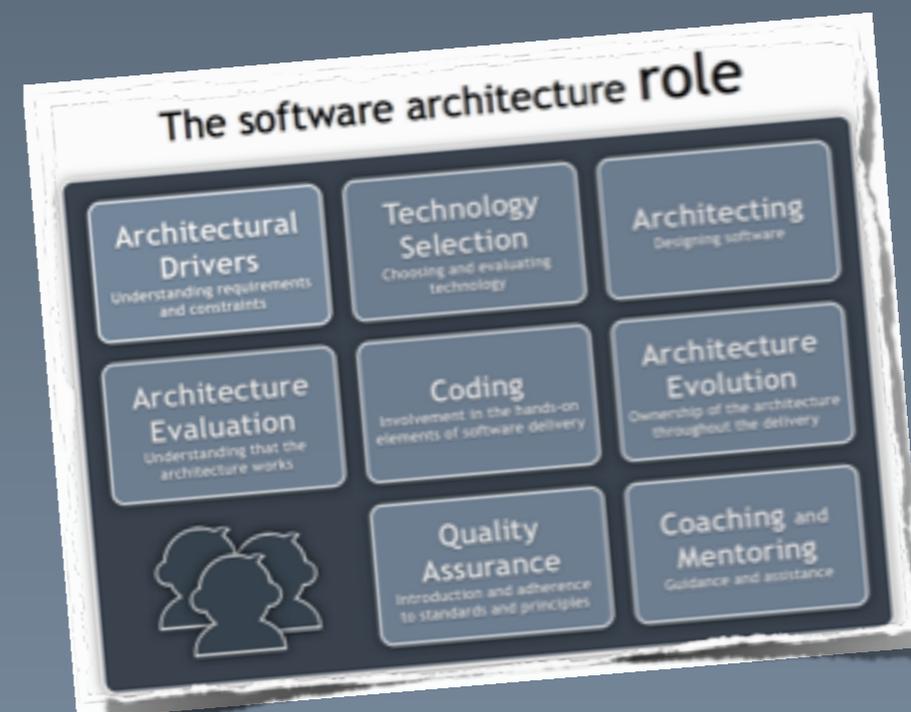
    public SomeWizard()
    {
    }

    ...
}
```

Is a collaborative and lightweight approach to software architecture

the **missing piece**

of the **jigsaw?**



Many software development teams don't understand or practice “architecture”

If you're a developer who wants to contribute to the big picture - the high-level design of the systems you work on - you need to be able to communicate your ideas clearly for your peers to understand. In my experience, with myself included, developers are inherently lacking in this skill.

<http://www.ntcoding.blogspot.co.uk/2013/02/improve-your-communication-skills-with.html>

We have a duty to
educate

*This is about
scaling teams...*



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